

Dobrudska district of Roumania, while Jajce and Kalaifat are Roumanian frontier towns on the Danube River.

#### WIN GERMAN DEFENSES ON 3,000-YARD FRONT

LONDON, September 4.—As the result of fighting yesterday north of the River Somme, in France, says the British official statement issued to-day, British troops captured German defenses on a 3,000-yard front from an average depth of 800 yards, and including the village of Guillemont.

#### RUSSIANS BREAK ACROSS THENIOVKA RIVER

PETROGRAD, September 4 (via London).—The Russians have broken across the Theniovska River, a western tributary of the Zlota Lipa, and seized a position of the Austro-German troops. The War Office announced to-day. They took 2,721 prisoners and 100 machine guns.

#### BAD WEATHER RETARDS OPERATIONS ON SOMME FRONT

PARIS, September 4.—Operations on the Somme front have been retarded by bad weather, the War Office announced to-day. In the new action fourteen guns have been captured by the French. Prisoners continue to arrive at the rear. The French yesterday took 400 prisoners.

#### GOOD EFFECTS OBSERVED IN AIR RAID ON ENGLAND

BERLIN, September 4 (via London).—An official statement was issued by the German Admiralty to-day telling of the Zeppelin raid on the south-eastern counties of England last Saturday night. It said:

"During the night of September 2 several naval airship detachments bombarded the fortress of London and fortified places of Yarmouth and Harwich, as well as factories in places of strategic importance in the south-eastern counties and on the Humber. Everywhere good effects were observed."

#### DAR-ES-SALAAM SURRENDERS TO BRITISH FORCES

LONDON, September 4.—It is announced officially that Dar-es-Salaam, the chief town of German East Africa, surrendered at 9 o'clock this morning.

The statement says that British naval forces, in co-operation with troops from Bagamoyo and Sandan, are now sweeping Dar-es-Salaam.

South of Mtwara, 100 miles west of Dar-es-Salaam, pursuit of the main German forces continues. The southern main body, the statement adds, is in the region of Matombo, on the eastern slopes of the Uluwatu Mountains.

Lieutenant-Colonel Vandeventer, in command of a British force, has reached Kikumi, forty-two miles south of Kilossa. Brigadier-General Northey, at the head of another British force, has occupied Nieuwburg.

Dar-es-Salaam is the most important support of German East Africa. Before the war it was the residence of a Governor, and contained a military station.

It is on the Indian Ocean about 275 miles below the frontier of British East Africa. The town evidently has been pushing down the coast one of several expeditionary forces sent out by the British, French, Belgian and Portuguese, which are gradually surrounding the remaining German forces.

#### TIDEWATER UNIONISTS HOLD CELEBRATIONS

Norfolk, Portsmouth and Newport News Harbors celebrated programs for today.

NORFOLK, Va., September 4.—What labor union officials declared to be the greatest celebration ever undertaken by Norfolk and Portsmouth organizations attracted 15,000 persons to Ocean View to-day. A parade, which made up in impressiveness what it lacked in numbers, opened the celebration this morning. About 1,000 marchers were in line, with three bands, the Boy Scout drum corps and many gaily decorated floats.

The athletic events at Ocean View were under the direction of James E. Harnett, the famous college athlete. The events ranged from city and district to sack and old men's races. A variety of field events was provided.

The International Association of Machinists won the first prize for the parade by their organization.

After a parade in their own city, Portsmouth unionists came to Norfolk and fell in line ahead of the floats.

#### GREAT CELEBRATION HELD AT NEWPORT NEWS

NEWPORT NEWS, Va., September 4.—Celebration of Labor Day here to-day was the biggest thing of its kind ever held in the city. A mammoth trades and industrial parade, in which many business firms and industrial plants had floats, was held in the morning. About 5,000 marchers followed, including this, a program of speeches and athletics was carried out at Buckroe Beach. The occasion was enlivened by hundreds of sailors from the ships of the Atlantic Fleet now at anchor in Hampton Roads. During the day the most successful ever held by organized labor in this section.

#### LYNCHBURG ELKS VISIT HOME AT BEDFORD CITY

BEDFORD CITY, September 4.—Labor Day was a festive occasion at the Elks' National Home, when a large delegation of Elks from Lynchburg, numbering several hundred, came up to spend the day with the brethren of the national home in their splendid new quarters.

The Lynchburgers constituted themselves the hosts for the day, providing the abundant and tempting dinner for the visiting company. The day was ideally beautiful, with just enough of mountain ozone and crispness in the atmosphere to give zest and comfort to the occasion.

#### Von Buelow Goes to Athens.

[Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.] LONDON, September 4.—Prince Bernhard von Buelow, former Imperial German Chancellor, after a visit with the Kaiser, has hurriedly gone to Athens, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch based on reports from Berlin.

## GIVE CHEERS FOR WILSON WHILE HEARING HUGHES

Democratic Sympathizers Heckle Republican Nominee During Speech at Nashville.

### HE FINALLY WINS APPLAUSE

Declines to Attend Labor-Day Celebration When Advised No Formal Invitation Is Extended, and Also Refuses to Review National Guard.

NASHVILLE, TENN., September 4.—In territory which no Republican presidential nominee has ever visited before, Charles E. Hughes to-night faced a tumultuous audience in the auditorium here, cheering for Woodrow Wilson ringing again and again in his ears, heckled by questioners and halted often by Democratic sympathizers, the nominee delivered his speech, criticizing the administration for its policies, declaring for a protective tariff and, in a reference which the audience took to apply to the enactment of the Adamson bill, asserting that he stood firmly for the arbitration of all industrial disputes.

"I believe there is no grievance with respect to labor," Mr. Hughes said, "that cannot be settled by a fair, candid examination of the facts."

"I believe," he continued, "in protecting American industry."

"And the man who can do it is Woodrow Wilson," shouted a man from the balcony. A wave of handclapping checked the nominee.

The nominee then assailed the administration for its policy toward Mexico. He outlined its attitude toward Russia.

"You would have recognized that as a man," shouted a man from the audience, "wouldn't you?"

"Now, I didn't say that," Mr. Hughes started to reply.

"The answer was lost in the tumult that followed," he said.

"What would you have done?" shouted another man as the nominee started to reply.

"I could have protected American rights," the nominee shouted quickly. The audience rose and applauded loudly.

"I stand for two things: first, for the principle of fair, impartial, thorough, candid arbitration; and second, for legislation on facts according to necessities of the case. And I am opposed to being dictated to either by the executive department or Congress by any power on earth before the facts are known and in the absence of the facts."

The audience, which had interrupted Mr. Hughes repeatedly in the earlier portion of his speech to cheer for Woodrow Wilson, heard the nominee's declaration in silence and at its conclusion applauded him enthusiastically.

He had heckled him before, but he had never heard him so enthusiastically applauded.

LEAVES FOR LEXINGTON. WHERE HE WILL SPEAK TO-DAY.

The nominee's address to-night ended his political activities for the day. He left to-night for Lexington, Va., where he will speak to-morrow.

Mr. Hughes early to-day declined to attend the Labor Day celebration here, arranged for by a local committee, when he was advised no formal invitation had been extended to him by labor leaders, and that he would not be permitted to speak except on non-political subjects.

Mr. Hughes also declined to review the Tennessee National Guard, saying that he had no right to do so.

WILSON ACCEPTS LINCOLN MEMORIAL

(Continued From First Page.)

born or that nature which seemed in its varied richness to be the familiar of men of every way of life. This is the sacred mystery of democracy, that its richest fruits spring up out of soils which no man has prepared and in circumstances amidst which they are the least expected.

This is a place alike of mystery and of reassurance. It is likely that in a society ordered otherwise than our own Lincoln could not have found himself or the path of time and power upon which he walked serenely to his death. In this place it is right that we should remind ourselves of the solid and striking facts upon which our faith in democracy is founded.

Many another man besides Lincoln has served the nation in its highest places of counsel and of action whose origin was as humble as his. Though the greatest example of the universal energy, richness, stimulation and force of democracy, he is only one example among many.

The permeating and all-pervasive virtue of the freedom which challenges us in America to make the most of every gift and power we possess every page of our history serves to emphasize and illustrate. Standing here in this place, it seems almost the whole of the stirring story.

"Here Lincoln had his beginnings. Here the end and consummation of that great life seem remote and yet so credible. And yet there was no break anywhere between beginning and end, no lack of natural sequence anywhere. Nothing really incredible happened. Lincoln was unaffectedly as much at home in the White House as he was here. Do you share with me the feeling, I wonder, that he was permanent at home nowhere? It seems to me that in the case of a man like Lincoln rather than of a spirit like Lincoln the question where he was is of little significance, that it is always what he was that really arrests our thought and takes hold of our imagination. It is the spirit always that is sovereign. Lincoln, like the rest of us, was put through the discipline of the world—a very rough and exacting discipline for him, an indispensable discipline for every man who would know that he is at home in the midst of the world's affairs; but his spirit got only its schooling there. It did not derive its character or its vision from the experiences which brought it to its full revelation. The test of every American must always be, not where he is, but what he is. That, also, is of the essence of democracy, and is the model of which this place is most gratefully expressive.

"We would like to think of men like Lincoln and Washington as typical Americans, but no man can be typical who is so untypical as these great men were. It was typical of American life that it should produce such men with supreme indifference as to the manner in which it produced them, and as readily here in this but amidst the little circle of cultivated gentlemen to whom Virginia owed so much in leadership and example. And Lincoln and Washington were typical Americans in the use they made of their genius. But there will be few such men at

best, and we will not look into the mystery of how and why they came. We will only keep the door open for them always, and a hearty welcome when we have recognized them."

"I have read many biographies of Lincoln; I have sought out with the greatest interest the many intimate stories that are told of him, the narratives of near-by friends, the sketches at close quarters, in which those who had the privilege of being associated with him have tried to depict for us the very man himself 'in his habit as he lived'; but I have nowhere found a real intimate of Lincoln's. I nowhere get the impression in any narrative or reminiscence that the writer had, in fact, penetrated to the heart of his mystery, or that any man could penetrate to the heart of it. That brooding spirit had no real familiar. I got the impression that it never spoke out in complete self-revelation, and that it could not reveal itself completely to any one. It was a very lonely spirit that looked out from underneath those shaggy brows and comprehending men without fully communing with them, as if, in spite of all its genial efforts, it comradeship, it dwelt apart, saw its comradeship duty where no man looked. There is a very lonely and very terrible isolation for the conscience of every man who seeks to read the destiny in affairs for others as well as for himself, for a nation as well as for individuals. That privacy no man can intrude upon. That lonely search of the spirit for the right perhaps no man can assist. This strange child of the cabin kept company with invisible things, was born into no intimacy but that of its own silently assembling and deploying thoughts."

"I have come here to-day, not to utter a eulogy on Lincoln; he stands in need of none, but to endeavor to interpret the meaning of this gift to the nation of the place of his birth and origin. Is not this an altar upon which we may forever keep alive the vestal fire of democracy as upon a shrine at which some of the deepest and most sacred hopes of mankind may from age to age be rekindled? For these hopes must constantly be rekindled, and only those who live can rekindle them. The only stuff that can retain the life-giving heat is the stuff of living hearts. And the hopes of mankind cannot be kept alive by words merely, by constitutions and doctrines of right and codes of liberty. The object of democracy is to transmit these into the life and action of society, the self-denial and self-sacrifice of heroic men and women willing to make their lives an embodiment of right and service and enlightened purpose. The commands of democracy are as imperative as its privileges and opportunities are wide and generous. Its compulsion is upon us. It will be great and lift a great light for the guidance of the nations only if we are great and carry that light high for the guidance of our own feet. We are not worthy to stand here unless we ourselves be in deed and in truth real democrats and servants of mankind, ready to give our very lives for the freedom and justice and spiritual exaltation of the great nation which shelters and nurtures us."

MRS. DEMIN IS BURIED IN HOLLYWOOD CEMETERY

Body Arrives Here From Milwaukee, Accompanied by Sister and Brother.

The funeral of Mrs. Louis Demin, who met a tragic death last week in Milwaukee, was conducted yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock in Hollywood cemetery, where the burial was made by Rev. Hugh W. Sublett, rector of St. John's Episcopal Church. Rev. H. A. Arthur, assistant rector of St. Andrew's Episcopal Church, assisted in the services.

The body of Mrs. Demin arrived in Richmond yesterday afternoon shortly after 4 o'clock, being accompanied to this city by her sister and brother, Miss Madeline M. Kratz and A. Stanley Kratz, both of Richmond.

Press dispatches last night from Milwaukee stated that the police of that city were endeavoring to analyze the significance of a remark made by Louis Demin, who was killed in a truth and disorder in the home. Demin was reported last night to be still in an unconscious condition in a hospital in that city.

The police are trying to solve the mystery, but as yet have made little headway. Thus far the police are convinced that the murder took place during a quarrel, but the theory of a robbery and murder, advanced by the father of Demin, is being subjected to rigid investigation and the department is trying hard to find the two diamonds, valued at \$2,000, which are claimed to have been stolen.

LITTLE GIRL TOLD NOT TO COME OUT OF ROOM

In speaking of the case yesterday, Captain Sullivan, chief of detectives of Milwaukee, said:

"I am trying hard to convince myself that robbery may have figured in this case, but every time I get back to the plain and unembellished story of the little girl, I have a small daughter and I can judge by her statements and actions how this impression has been put on the mind of the little Demin daughter."

The girl was wide-awake when her father came home, she called to her mother to cover her with a blanket. The mother did as requested, when the father called out to the girl: 'Don't you come out of that room!'

"That was a command, and why was it made?"

"The girl says that her father and mother were quarreling, and that her mother kicked over the toolbox. The child also says that no one else was in the house."

CELESTINS VICHY

Owned by and bottled under the direct control of the French Government

Natural Alkaline Water

Your Physician will recommend its use, to relieve

INDICATIONS RHEUMATISM URIC ACID GOUT

Not Genuine without the word CELESTINS

Attention Barbers

A meeting of interest to you will be held at Sal's Barber Shop Wednesday, September 6th, 8:30 P. M.

You are urgently requested to attend.

Beautiful Fresh and Fragrant Flowers

The beauty, fragrance and lasting freshness of the flowers you order from us are the result of expert handling and cutting at our own greenhouses, coupled with prompt service and fast auto delivery. Phone Mad. 6081 and see for yourself what real flower service means.

Ratcliffe & Tanner, Inc.

"We Grow the Flowers We Sell," 207 North Sixth Street.

## E. LEE TRINKLE OPENS CAMPAIGN AT PULASKI

Candidate for Congress Discusses Issues Before an Enormous Crowd.

### LAUDS ACTS OF MR. WILSON

Introduced by James T. Trolinger, Outburst of Applause That Follows Prevents Him From Beginning His Remarks for Several Minutes.

PULASKI, VA., September 4.—Before one of the largest crowds that ever attended court here, E. Lee Trinkle to-day launched his campaign for Congress from the Ninth District, as candidate of the Democratic party, in opposition to C. Bascom Slemm, Mr. Trinkle held the attention of his auditors for more than an hour in his presentation of the issues which are paramount, not only in the Ninth District campaign, but in the national campaign.

He asked those who never had been affiliated with the Democratic party to give careful consideration to the achievements of the Democratic party under President Wilson.

Mr. Trinkle discussed briefly the tariff, the tariff commission, the Federal reserve act, the Clayton antitrust measure, the Federal trade commission act, the seaman's act, American merchant marine, the Smith-Lever agriculture extension act, the income tax, Federal aid to public roads, parcel post, and 1-cent letter rates, postal savings bill, rural credit bill, and peace preparedness. In discussing these he presented in his Democratic position with reference thereto the whole each meant in the promotion of the country's welfare and prosperity.

DISCUSSES CAREER OF MR. SLEMP

Of Mr. Slemm's congressional career Mr. Trinkle spoke at some length, showing his position on questions in which the nation, as well as the State, are interested, and declared he had supported legislation which tended to promote the interests of the money powers, rather than those of his constituency.

Mr. Trinkle stated, in opening, that, in view of having been born and reared in Pulaski County and having spent so much time here, and because its ground was sacred in that many of his loved ones, who had helped carry the forest into fertile fields, he buried here, he gave an endorsement here in the position to which the Democratic party had called him, Congressman from the Ninth District.

Mr. Trinkle was presented by James T. Trolinger, and the demonstration which followed prevented the candidate from launching into his speech for several minutes. Near the close of his speech, Mr. Trinkle read a telegram from Lee County, where Congressman Flood addressed a court-day crowd, giving assurance of the success of the Democratic ticket in Lee.

CONGRESSMAN H. D. FLOOD SPEAKER AT JONESVILLE

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] JONESVILLE, Va., September 4.—This was an ideal day for the opening of the Lee County Circuit Court, and crowds were in attendance to hear the issues of the campaign discussed by representatives of both parties. Congressman Slemm failed to keep his appointment, but other Republican speakers were on hand.

H. D. Flood, Congressman from the Tenth District of Virginia, and H. G. Peters, of Bristol, spoke in the interest of democracy. For one hour Mr. Peters reviewed the record of the Democratic administration, praised the work of Woodrow Wilson and explained why he should be re-elected, and why E. Lee Trinkle should be sent to Congress to uphold the Wilson policies.

In opening, Mr. Flood said the Democratic administration had passed so many good laws it was impossible to

DEATHS

KRUSE.—Died in Lynchburg, September 3, GEORGE IRVING KRUSE, aged four years, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Howard Kruse. Burial in Richmond.

WALTON.—Died, suddenly at 3:30 A. M., September 4, THOMAS WALTON, aged thirty-one years, residing at 101 West City Street. A. THOMAS WALTON, in his eightieth year.

Funeral services at 4 o'clock from St. Mark's Church. Friends and acquaintances invited.

To the Ladies:

I wish to announce the arrival of the latest fall and winter materials and fashions for the coming season 1916-17. Am now ready to take your order. Reduced prices for a short while only, and would appreciate if you would call and inspect my line. Plan ahead, save time and have your suit ready when the cold weather sets in.

BUDMAN, Ladies' Tailor

110 East Grace. Phone Randolph 3563-W.

Attention Barbers

A meeting of interest to you will be held at Sal's Barber Shop Wednesday, September 6th, 8:30 P. M.

You are urgently requested to attend.

Beautiful Fresh and Fragrant Flowers

The beauty, fragrance and lasting freshness of the flowers you order from us are the result of expert handling and cutting at our own greenhouses, coupled with prompt service and fast auto delivery. Phone Mad. 6081 and see for yourself what real flower service means.

Ratcliffe & Tanner, Inc.

"We Grow the Flowers We Sell," 207 North Sixth Street.

remember them all; so he produced a list of those enacted in the last three years and proceeded to discuss each measure fully.

### Pay Not Held at Corinth.

ATLANTA, Ga., September 4.—The man held at Corinth, Miss., suspected of being took Ray, who escaped from the Federal penitentiary here August 22, is not the convicted bomb plotter, Warden Fred Zerbst announced to-day.

### DEATHS IN VIRGINIA

John Trimble, HARRISONBURG, VA., September 4.—John Trimble, ninety-three years old, died last Thursday night near Monterey, Highland County. He was a native of Highland and leaves one sister, Mrs. Mary A. Sipe, of Staunton. His wife, who was Miss Harper, died several years ago. They had been married more than thirty years. Surviving Mr. Trimble are three sons, Dr. I. H. Trimble, of Staunton; Mrs. Estelle Hevener, of Waynesboro, and Mrs. Mary K. Fleisher, of Monterey. Years ago, Mr. Trimble conducted four big stores at different points in the county. He was a Presbyterian and a Mason. The funeral was conducted on Saturday by Rev. N. A. Parker, assisted by Rev. M. Moffett. Six nephews served as pall-bearers.

Melville Jeffries. [Special to The Times-Dispatch.] CULPEPER, VA., September 4.—Melville Jeffries, of Culpeper, N. C., died at the home of his sister, Mrs. Polk Hill, on Jameson Hill, this morning. Mr. Jeffries was in his fifty-eighth year, and had been in bad health for two years. He is survived by his wife, who was Miss Harman, three sons and one daughter. The funeral will be held to-morrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from the Baptist church.

Major R. D. M. Charleston. [Special to The Times-Dispatch.] CHRISTIANBURG, VA., September 4.—Major R. D. M. Charleston, a Confederate veteran, and one of the leading and oldest citizens of the town, died at his home this morning, following a long illness. He was for a long time vice-president of the Bank of Christiansburg, and a director of it at the time of his death.

Mrs. Martha Reynolds. [Special to The Times-Dispatch.] LYNCHBURG, VA., September 4.—Mrs. Martha Reynolds, widow of John Reynolds, died this morning at Draper, aged seventy-two years. She is survived by a son, Bartram Gailbreath, and a daughter, Mrs. H. L. Collins.

George Irving. [Special to The Times-Dispatch.] LYNCHBURG, VA., September 4.—George Irving, four-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Howard C. Kruse, died yesterday at their home, 1115 Church Street.

Without Money Without Friends

See to it that you have always money to pay your bills. The Savings Bank is the place to acquire it. One dollar starts an account.

Savings Bank of Richmond

Name As National Banks 1117 East Main St.

Cylinder Keys

FOR Yale, Corbin and Sargent Locks AND ALL OTHER MAKES.

1234567890

HOUSE AND AUTO NUMBERS.

CLARKE-HARDWARE

1215 East Main Street.

S. Ullman's Son

Incorporated

1520-22 East Main Street. Madison 310, 7707.

500 East Marshall Street. Madison 34, 3115, 222.

Originators of the Economy Movement

Best Granulated Sugar, per lb., 7¢

E-Z Seal Perfect Sealing Jar, per dozen, ½ gal., 70¢ qts., 55¢; pns., 50¢

Pure Apple Cider Vinegar, per gal. 30¢

Ask the phone clerk for our Fresh Vegetable list, Eggs, Spring Chickens and Produce received fresh from the farmer.

Large New Irish Potatoes, peck... 30¢

Damsons (firm for preserving), per half peck basket... 25¢

Fine Sugar-Cured Hams, per lb., 20¢

WHISKEY AND MORPHINE ADDICTIONS CAN BE CURED

Our proposition: "No Cure, No Pay." We will take any case of liquor or drug addiction and guarantee a cure in from ten days to three weeks, according to physical condition of patient. You don't pay us a penny until you know that you are cured. We administer the original Devine treatment, which is the last word that science has to offer for the cure of these diseases. Write for confidential information and references.

Dr. H. L. Devine Sanitarium

Highland Park, Richmond, Va.

## NEW REGULATIONS FOR ADMISSION TO HOSPITAL

Visiting Staff of Virginia Adopts Plan at Request of Chairman Hirschberg.

### CERTIFICATE OF PHYSICIAN

Forms Will Be Prepared by Which Reputable Practitioners May Certify Indigent Cases for Treatment at City's Free Hospital.

The net result of the inquiry of the Administrative Board into the question of the admission of patients to the Virginia Hospital will be that in the future all persons seeking admission to the institution must present a certificate from a reputable physician. The hospital staff met last night, and at the request of Chairman Hirschberg, of the Administrative Board, who was present, agreed to inaugurate this system.

It was brought out at the hearing before the board that no paper of any kind was required from patients before admission to the hospital. It was shown that some patients were referred to the Richmond Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Hospital for special diagnosis, but did not carry with them any paper to indicate that they had previously called at the hospital.

The staff will provide printed forms which will be distributed among local physicians, and in the future no indigent person will be admitted unless he or she presents one of these certificates properly made out and signed.

FORMULATES REPLY IN CASE OF PEARMAN BARLOW

The staff formulated a reply to the board as to why Pearman Barlow, a youth, was not operated upon for tonsillitis. Several doctors testified that the boy was not in condition for an operation, and this information will be conveyed to the board.

The staff found that no blame attached to Dr. T. B. Weatherly, who was dismissed as a substitute member of the staff by the board. He is the resident physician at the eye and nose infirmary, and was acting for Dr. Joseph A. White, in charge of eye and nose work at the Virginia Hospital, when he was removed. The board's decision followed Dr. Weatherly's alleged statement to Chairman Hirschberg that he was "plumb tired of operating on charity patients." This information from Dr. Weatherly was forthcoming over the telephone when Barlow complained that Dr. Weatherly would not operate on him.

Dr. Weatherly afterwards explained that the youth was not in condition for an operation, and this statement was borne out by other physicians who appeared before the staff. Barlow's complaint to the board resulted in the request of the staff to tell why he was not operated on. The staff's reply has been prepared and will likely be presented to the board at its session to-day.

Without Money Without Friends

See to it that you have always money to pay your bills. The Savings Bank is the place to